**Assignment –3**

**Overview of SQL**

1. **Does ANSI recognize the data type DATE?**

Yes, ANSI SQL (American National Standards Institute SQL) does recognize the DATE data type. The DATE data type is used to store calendar dates in the format YYYY-MM-DD (year, month, day). It is a standard data type across most SQL implementations that conform to the ANSI SQL standard.

The DATE type stores date values without time information. If you need to store both date and time, you would typically use the TIMESTAMP data type, which includes both date and time components.

1. **Which subdivision of SQL is used to insert values in tables?**

The “INSERT INTO” command is a part of the Data Manipulation Language (DML), a sublanguage of SQL that enables modification and retrieval of information from database objects. This command enables sus to insert rows into tables. Using this command, you can insert values into all columns or selected columns of a table.

EX:

INSERT INTO table\_name (column1, column2, column3)

VALUES (value1, value2, value3);